

Teacher(s): Mrs. Breazeale (Ms. DeBLanc) & Mr. Contreras (Ms. Moran)

Subject/Grade: 7<sup>th</sup> /Grade Math

Week of: Aug 28, 2023

Domain: The Number System

Lesson Plan Title: UNIT RATE

	MATHEMATICS - Mississippi College and Career Readiness Standards for 7 <sup>th</sup> Grade
Numbers & Operations	<p>7.NS. 1 Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction of rational numbers on a number line. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.1a Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine and make 0. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.1b Understand that <math>p + q</math> is the number located a distance from the absolute value of <math>q</math> from <math>p</math>, in the positive or negative direction, depending on whether <math>q</math> is positive or negative; recognize that <math>p + (-q)</math> is the distance from <math>p</math> in the negative direction of the same magnitude as <math>q</math>. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.1c Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on a number line is the same as the distance between their additive inverses. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.1d Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.2 Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.2a Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, and understand that multiplying a number by the reciprocal of that number results in 1. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.2b Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.2c Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.2d Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in a zero or a repeating decimal. ▾</p> <p>7.NS.3 Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. ▾</p>
Ratios & Proportions	<p>7.RP Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. ▾</p> <p>7.RP.1 Compute unit rates associated with ratios and fractions, including ratios or lengths, areas and other quantities measured in like or unlike units. ▾</p>

**ESSENTIAL QUESTION(S):** How do I analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems?

Date	Day	Objective	Focus Question	I will...
	M	TSWBAT <b>identify, set up, and solve real-world problems involving unit rates with rational numbers?</b>	How do I compute unit rates involving ratios with a fraction in both the numerator and denominator?	-Identify unit rate -Set up rates based on real world problems -Calculate unit rates with rational numbers.

	T	TSWBAT <b>complete an iReady math lesson by taking notes on key vocabulary and at least three example problems</b> with 80% accuracy by the end of the lesson.	How do mathematicians use iReady to enhance their mathematical skills?	Use iReady to enhance my mathematical skills.
	W	TSWBAT <b>examine, analyze, and correct their current mixed practice test (MPT) by reviewing resources provided by the teacher, consulting with peers, and/or asking the teacher for help</b> with 100% accuracy by the end of the lesson.	How do mathematicians analyze and correct their graded tests in order to reflect on knowledge needed to master 7th grade math standards?	-Differentiate between silly mistakes and lack of knowledge. -In writing, explain the silly mistake and rework the problems that contain silly mistakes. -Use resources to help correct mistakes where mastery is not yet obtained.
	Th	TBA based on MPT data.	TBA based on MPT data.	TBA based on MPT data.
	F	TSWBAT solve real-world problems involving calculating ratios with fractions by completing 30 questions on math prodigy.	How do I solve real-world problems involving calculating ratios with fractions?	-Identify what is being compared. -Set up equivalent ratios to calculate the missing value. -Multiply and divide rational numbers.

**MONDAY\_ Aug 28, 2023**

**BELL RINGER:** TSW complete 4 division problems that include negative numbers. TTW review.

**ANTICIPATORY SET**

**Hook:** Did you know there is a connection to proportion and beauty? Discuss. Before I show you this video, keep in mind that this is just a theory that I found interesting and it doesn't apply to you all since you are still growing. Show the video

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dfxgdfjTkhI>

**Real World Connection:** Understanding how ratios and proportions work, will help you solve some real world problems easily.

**Importance/Relevance:** Say, “Ratios are used to compare values. They tell us how much of one thing there is compared to another.”

**TEACHER INPUT**

*The teacher will...*

- Tell students to open RCC workbook to page 31 and gently tear out the family letter.
- Choose students to read through page 31.
- Introduce lesson vocabulary—unit rate compares two quantities where the second quantity is 1. A unit rate tells you how many units of the first quantity correspond to one unit in the second quantity. Complex fraction is a fraction where the numerator is a fraction, the denominator is a fraction, or both the numerator and the denominator are fractions.

**GUIDED PRACTICE:**

*The student will...*

- Complete pages 33-34
- Record an answer to “Reflect.”
- Discuss.

**CLOSURE**

*The student will...*

- Complete a paper exit.
- Pass out homework during this time.

**MATERIALS:** student workbooks, exit tickets, bell ringers, lesson presentation

**ASSESSMENT:** Exit tickets and teacher observation

**TUESDAY\_ Aug 29, 2023**

**MPT 1.5 will be given this morning.**

**WARM-UP/HOOK:** *The student will* login to iReady and choose “Unit Rates for Ratios with Fractions Part 1.” Take notes on lesson vocabulary and lesson goals. **(5 minutes)**

**TEACHER INPUT: ( 5 minutes)**

*The teacher will ...*

- Present the lesson objectives.
- Review the requirements to receive help on the lesson quiz - all vocabulary with definitions must be written down, at least 3 examples recorded from the lesson, and I need to see evidence that the students attempted to work out the current problem on paper.

**INDEPENDENT PRACTICE: ( 30 minutes)**

*The student will ...*

- Listen and complete the assigned lesson to the best of their ability.
- Complete the lesson quiz with 80% or higher accuracy.

**STUDENT REFLECTION/EXIT TICKET:** *The student will* complete an exit ticket based on today's learning target. The teacher will use this data to determine which students need extra support. **(5 minutes)**

**MATERIALS:** notebook paper or "iReady Notes template," computers, projector, exit tickets

**ASSESSMENT(S):** Teacher observation, exit tickets, iReady lesson quiz results

**WEDNESDAY\_ Aug 30, 2023**

**WARM-UP/HOOK:** *The student will* grab a data analysis sheet and a class set of Tuesday's test. Write their name, date, etc. *The teacher will* pass back their Tuesday tests. **(5 minutes)**

**TEACHER INPUT: ( 2 minutes)**

*The teacher will ...*

- Direct student to mark an "X" on the questions that the students missed.

- Explain that they will use the class set of the test that includes “Teacher Notes” to rework the problems and/or explain what silly mistake they made.

### **INDEPENDENT PRACTICE: ( 30 minutes)**

*The student will ...*

- Rework problems on their test paper.
- Justify why they missed certain problems.
- Compare their graded test to the teacher’s class set/guided notes and questions.
- Identify careless mistakes and correct them.
- Use the UNRAVEL test taking strategy for math for questions not understood.
- Use the videos under the topic “Helpful Videos” in Google classroom recommended by the teacher for each question not understood.
- Notify the teacher when they think they are finished for feedback/review.
- Staple data analysis sheet to the top of their test.
- Get it signed by their parents or guardian and return the following day

### **Meanwhile...**

**TEACHER CONFERENCES:** The teacher will invite individual students to her desk to discuss their most recent MPT and clear up any misconceptions and offer support. **(30 minutes)**

**EARLY FINISHERS:** The student will get iReady or Math Prodigy and wait patiently to be called to the teacher’s desk to discuss the test and any misconceptions.

### **TEACHER INPUT: ( 10 minutes)**

*The teacher will ...*

- Review the most missed problems or take any questions the students have.
- Check over student work and provide feedback.
- Choose a student to staple the remainder of the student's paper.
- Explain that it is mandatory to bring their tests back signed by tomorrow.

**STUDENT REFLECTION/EXIT TICKET:** *The student will* complete an exit ticket based on the most missed question(s). The teacher will use this data to determine which students need extra support. **(5 minutes)**

**MATERIALS:** graded Tuesday tests, test analysis sheets, stapler, staples, exit tickets

**ASSESSMENT(S):** Teacher observation, exit tickets, Tuesday test

**THURSDAY\_ Aug 31, 2023**

**To Be Announced based on the most recent MPT Math data.**

Most Missed Standard(s)	Objective(s)	Activity
	TSWBAT	
	TSWBAT	
	TSWBAT	

**FRIDAY\_ Sep 1, 2023**

**WARM-UP/HOOK:** *The student will* login to Prodigy . Take notes on lesson vocabulary and lesson goals. **(5 minutes)**

**TEACHER INPUT:** **( 5 minutes)**

*The teacher will ...*

- Present the lesson objectives.
- Review the requirements to receive help on a question - I need to see evidence that the students attempted to work out the current problem on paper.

**INDEPENDENT PRACTICE:** **( 30 minutes)**

*The student will ...*

- Complete practice problem on 7.NS.3.
- Correctly answer 30 questions or more correctly.

**STUDENT REFLECTION/EXIT TICKET:** *The student will* complete an exit ticket based on today's learning target. The teacher will use this data to determine which students need extra support. **(5 minutes)**

**MATERIALS:** computers, projector, scratch paper

**ASSESSMENT(S):** Teacher observation, exit tickets, iReady lesson quiz results

**MPT 1.5 Results**

<b>Class</b>	<b>0% - 49% (Critical)</b>	<b>50% - 69% (Emerging)</b>	<b>70% - 100% (Proficient)</b>
<b>1st</b>			
<b>3rd</b>			
<b>4th</b>			
<b>5th</b>			
<b>7th</b>			



---

## **MISSISSIPPI STATE STANDARDS ACROSS CURRICULUM**

### **Math Standards**

#### **Numbers & Operations:**

**7.NS.1** Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram.

**7.NS.1a** Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine and make 0.

**7.NS.1b** Understand that  $p + q$  is the number located a distance from the absolute value of  $q$  from  $p$ , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether  $q$  is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0. Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

**7.NS.1c** Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on a number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.

**7.NS.1d** Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.

**7.NS.2** Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers.

**7.NS.2a** Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as  $(-1)(-1) = 1$  and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

**7.NS.2b** Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If  $p$  and  $q$  are integers, then  $-p/q = (-p)/q = p/(-q)$ . Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

**7.NS.2c** Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.

**7.NS.2d** Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in 0s or eventually repeats.

**7.NS.3** Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers.

#### **Ratios & Proportions:**

**7.RP** Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

**7.RP.1** Compute unit rates associated with ratios and fractions, including ratios or lengths, areas and other quantities measured in likeness of different units.

